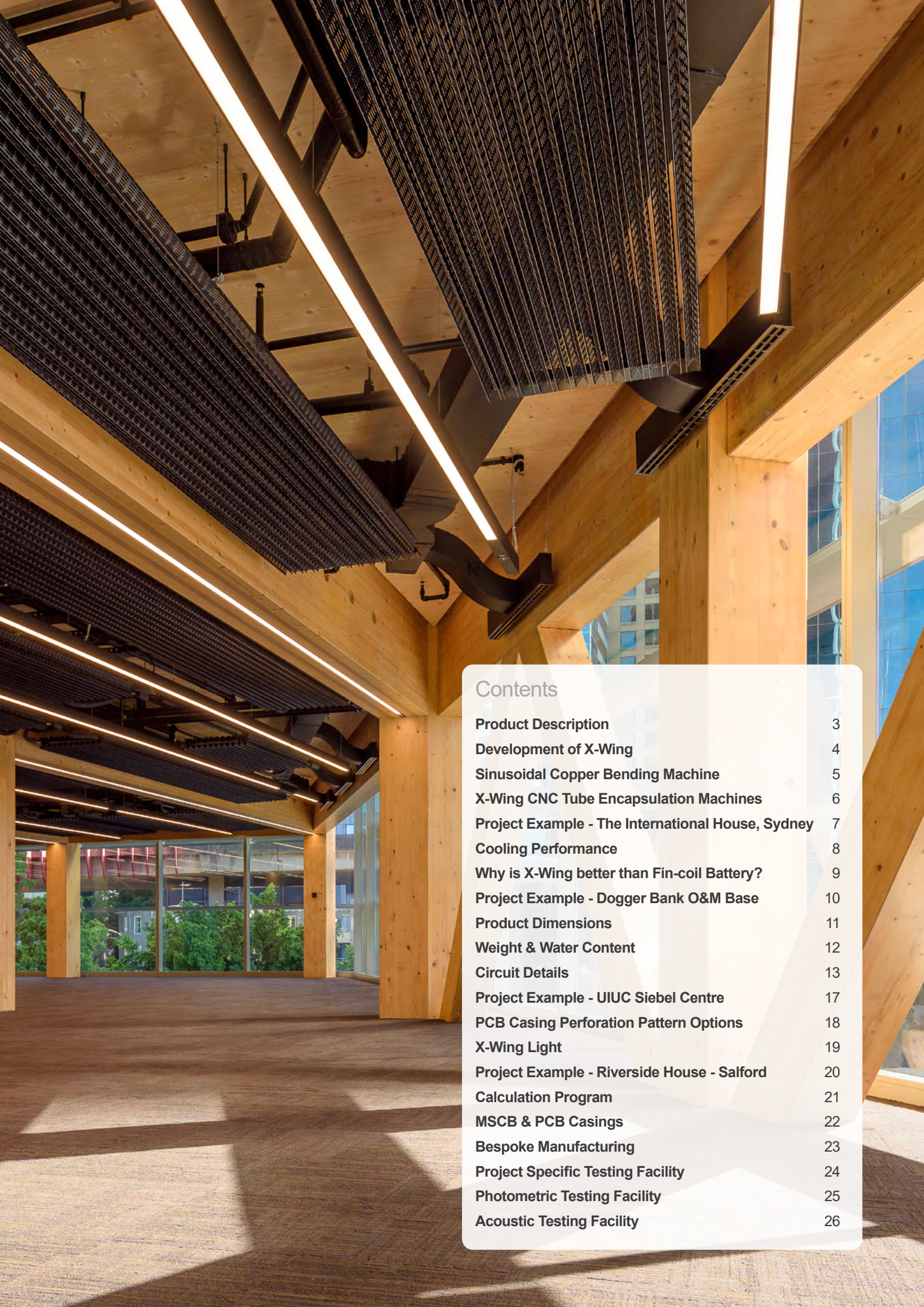


the future of space conditioning

X-Wing[®]

passive “Radiant” chilled beam





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Product Description

X-Wing has now been supplied worldwide for over a decade and with zero leaks, thanks to its unique design incorporating seamless copper tube in a serpentine shape with no joints whatsoever. This next generation radiant cooling product also has improved radiant absorption area as opposed to earlier such products.

X-Wing is only **125mm deep** and can achieve up to **370 watts per meter as an exposed passive “Radiant” / convective cooling unit** and up to **170 watts / m² when concealed behind an S5046 perforated metal ceiling** (both sets of maximum performance are based on 10Δtk).

NB. The above performance figures are waterside cooling and no inclusion made for any additional cooling effect from any separate supply air system for respiratory requirements.

X-Wing contains a number of **Frenger's Patent pending performance enhancing features**, as can be expected from the Frenger brand.

X-Wing is constructed from copper and aluminium and is 100 percent recyclable. The copper coil is produced by Frenger's in house fully automatic bespoke “state of the art” serpentine bending machine. This produces seamless sinusoidal copper coils (without any joins) up to 6m in length, with up to 12 water passes at 70mm tube centres. The aluminium radiant “wings” are produced in house by bespoke power press and roll forming machines, all of which are then assembled by Frenger's fully automatic CNC controlled machine which mechanically bonds the “radiant wings” to be in metal to metal contact with the seamless copper waterways and thus providing 100% encapsulation of the waterways for optimum transfer of energy from the radiant wings to the copper waterways.

The finished products are hydraulically tested to 17 bar positive pressure as standard before automatic machine wrapping and packing.

Frenger, have automated the vast majority of processes for **this particular next generation product to ensure that the highest levels of quality are both repeatable and consistent at all times.**

Function

X-Wing provides cooling by both convection and “Radiation”. The radiant proportion creates no air movement, the only air movement comes from the convective proportion. As cold water passes through the chilled beam the warm air is cooled against the beams cooler surfaces. This cooled air, which is heavier due to its higher density, then streams through the punched louvres in the radiant wings and percolates through the small ceiling perforations into the room space below (when concealed). In this way air is circulated within the room, with warm air from the room being continually replaced by cooled air.



In addition to this convective cooling process, the cold surfaces of the beam (the radiant wings / 4 per waterway) also absorb heat radiation from the building occupants and the warmer surrounding surfaces. X-Wing's radiant quotient is approximately 40% of the total cooling effect (the other 60% of cooling being generated by the convective cooling effect described above). The ability of X-Wing to cool by radiation means that, when compared to a finned tube battery, X-Wing can deliver 40% more cooling without any additional risk of draft.

The efficiency of the convection process, coupled with the ability of the product to exchange energy by way of long-wave radiation, means that X-Wing retains a high cooling effect even when the air temperature in the room is relatively low (e.g. at night or when the building is unoccupied). In this way large amounts of cold energy can be stored in the building structure during low load periods, and used to offset heat gains when the need arises.

At a glance

- **Shallow depth unit (only 125mm).**
- Only 65mm clearance required behind the unit and as little as 252mm total ceiling construction (see page 12).
- Widths available 0.4m, 0.54m, 0.68m and 0.82m.
- Lengths available 1.28m up to 6m in increments of 8cm.
- Can be installed exposed or ideal for “concealed” applications such as behind perforated metal ceilings or within architectural metal ceilings such for ceiling integration or freely suspended Multi Service Chilled Beams.
- **Eliminated risk of water leakage. No joints in the copper coil,** just one continuous serpentine for all product widths up to 4.0m long and up to 6m long for up to 0.54m wide models (only 2 joints for 0.68m and 0.82m wide models over 4 meters in length).
- **Specialist black coating for smooth, long lasting, easy to clean, uniform finish that increase the radiant absorption coefficient for the product.**
- Available in Black (RAL 9005) and White (RAL 9016) equivalent as standard. Other RAL colours available at a premium.
- 40 percent more allowable passive cooling for X-Wing without increased draft risk, this is due to X-Wings “Radiant” quotient as compared to passive fin coil convective cooling products by others.
- Can be installed above light fittings with no loss of performance.
- Provides indoor climate **in accordance with BS EN ISO 7730.**

Development of X-Wing

Shell Centre - London - 1962



X-Wing delivers the best of both worlds

Static cooling systems (chilled ceilings and chilled beams) have, over the past 40 years, proven themselves capable of delivering high levels of occupancy comfort at reduced running costs. Frenger was at the vanguard of this technology when, in 1962, we supplied 175,000m² of chilled ceilings to the Shell HQ building in London (Europe's first fully-sealed air conditioned building).

Since this time the cooling requirements for a typical office environment have increased considerably; improved insulation, higher occupancy densities and a much higher usage of IT equipment have all fuelled this increase. It became apparent in the mid 1990's that the cooling capacity of a traditional chilled ceiling was not sufficient to meet these increased heat gains, and consequently higher-capacity passive chilled beam batteries were introduced into perimeter zones to offset the solar load generated at the building façade.

However, this mixture of systems was not without its problems. The chilled ceiling part of the system requires careful co-ordination with a bespoke ceiling system, offers no flexibility to increase cooling capacity when office use changes (e.g. when creating meeting areas), is difficult to access for maintenance and carries a premium supply / install cost. Where finned tube batteries are used they are generally placed above metal ceilings with large perforation holes (at least 5mm in diameter) and with an excessive open area (typically 50% clear); requiring the "blacking out" of the ceiling void and resulting in an inconsistent ceiling aesthetic. The challenge was to provide a one-system solution that delivered the higher cooling capacity and lower cost of a chilled beam system, whilst maintaining the comfort and aesthetic advantages of chilled ceilings.

The introduction of "Radiant Chilled Beams" is arguably the perfect marriage of these two technologies; the beam delivers high cooling capacities (up to 170 W/m²) and high comfort levels (lower air velocities and lower perceived temperature due to the radiant effect) in a package that can look no different to contemporary high-spec ceiling system. All this at the substantially lower cost associated with chilled beam installations.

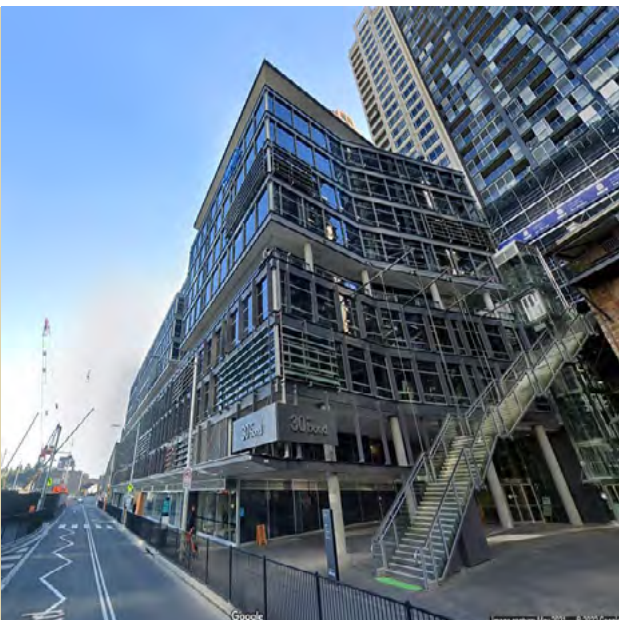
This natural progression for chilled ceilings has been employed successfully on many high-profile projects - from the 25,000m² call centre for BT in Watford to Bovis Lend Lease's HQ building in Sydney, Australia - and many other projects of note throughout Europe.

Frenger have further developed this chilled beam / chilled ceiling hybrid to incorporate an increased radiant surface area within a shallower depth and narrower width than ever before, for such levels of cooling (now even more cooling performance).

BT Leavensden Park - Watford - 2001



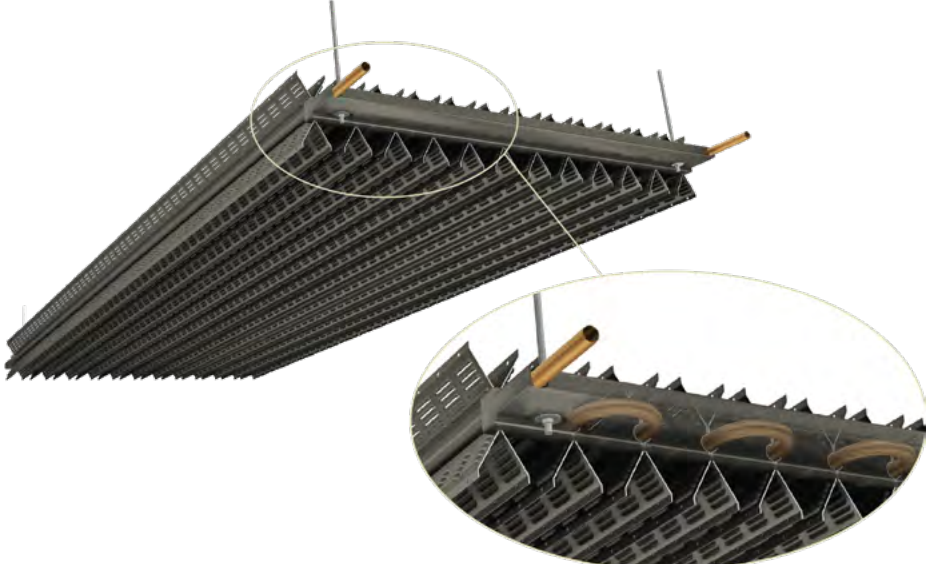
The Bond - Sydney - Australia - 2004



Sinusoidal Copper Bending Machine

X-wing is manufactured from copper and aluminium and is 100% recyclable. The copper coil is produced by Frenger's in house fully CNC automated "State of the art" serpentine bending machine which produces seamless sinusoidal copper coils (without any joints) up to 4.24m in length, with up to 12 water passes at 70mm tube centers from thousand metre drums of seamless copper tubing.

Frenger's QMS (Quality Management System) is audited twice yearly by the BSI (British Standard Institute) to BS EN 9001:2015 and Frenger are proud to confirm no reported leaks whatsoever from the hundreds of thousands of coils produced since the serpentine bend machine installed at Frenger's Derby factory in 2010.



X-Wing CNC Tube Encapsulation Machines



Project Example - The International House,
Sydney



Cooling Performance

Perforation Pattern (Details on page 18)	Open Area %	X-Wing Output (W / m / K)			
		XW 400-15	XW 540-15	XW 680-15	XW 820-15
Exposed	100	17.7	24.1	30.8	34.4
7D/4D – 10X10 S	51	15.6	21.6	27.5	33.2
7D/4D – 7.07X7.07 ST	49	15.6	21.6	27.4	33.1
27X5 Diamond	43	15.4	21.2	26.9	32.4
25x5 Slot	43	15.4	21.2	26.9	32.4
9D - 8.9X8.9 ST	40	15.3	21.1	26.6	31.9
9D - 12.6x12.6 S	40	15.3	21.1	26.6	31.9
7D - 14X14 ST	39	15.2	20.9	26.4	31.6
7D - 10X10 S	39	15.2	20.9	26.4	31.6
4D - 10X10 ST	25	14.2	19.0	23.6	27.8

Example: XW820-15 2.8m long with 9D - 8.9X8.9 ST perforated metal ceiling based on CWF/R = 14/17°C, and an average room condition of 24°C.

From Table X-Wing Output = 31.9 W/m/K.

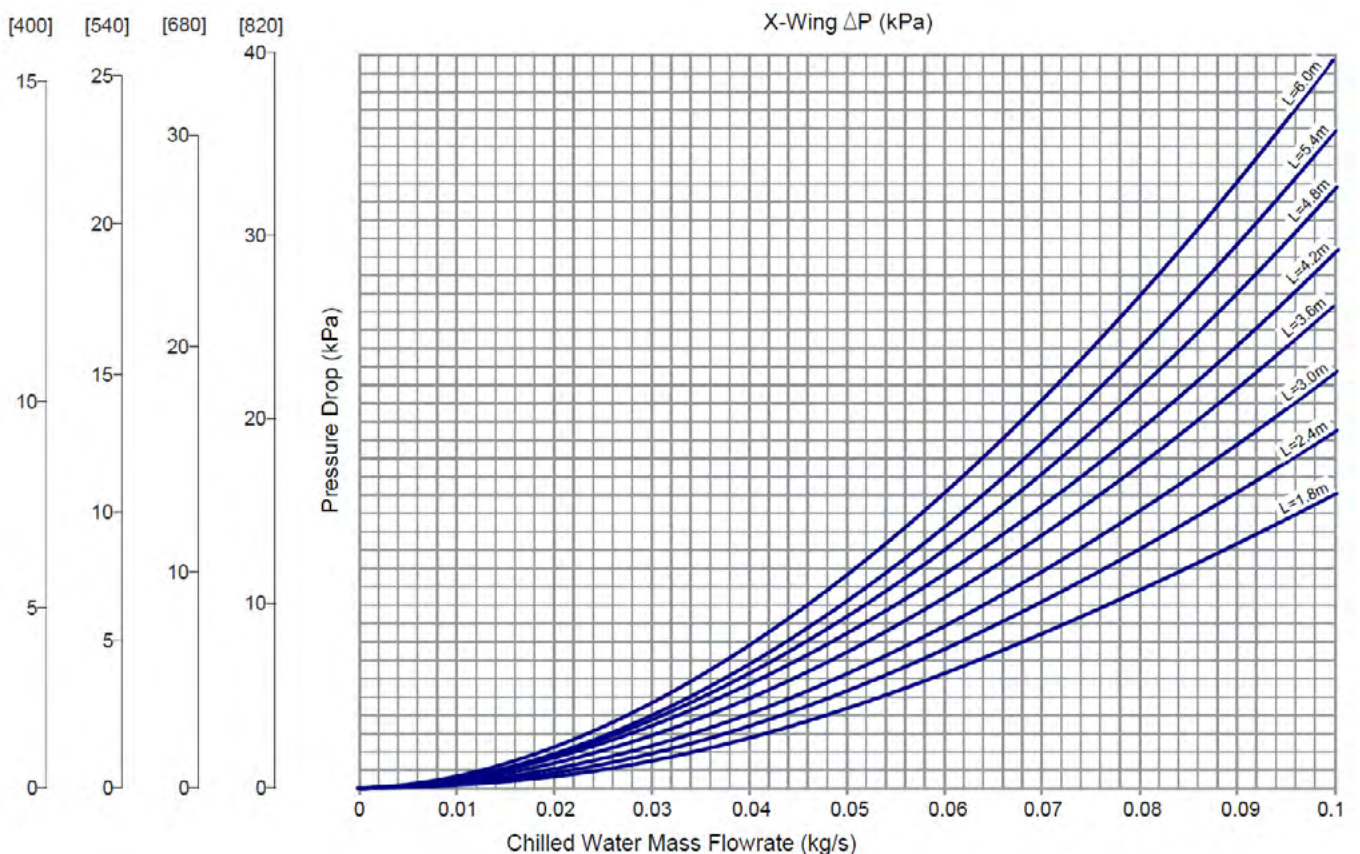
Therefore: $K = 24 - [(14+17)/2] = 8.5K$, so X-Wing nominal cooling performance = $29.8 \times 8.5 \times 2.8 = \mathbf{759W}$

X-Wing Nominal Output (W/m/K) where $K = \text{Temperature Difference Between Room Average Temperature and Mean Water Temperature (dTK)}$.

We recommend use of our Eurovent approved calculators for more accurate sizing (see page 21), given calculation tools, make allowance for performance changes associated with changes in heat transfer coefficients due to the specific chilled water mass flowrates. Please contact technical@frenger.co.uk to request access to the calculator.

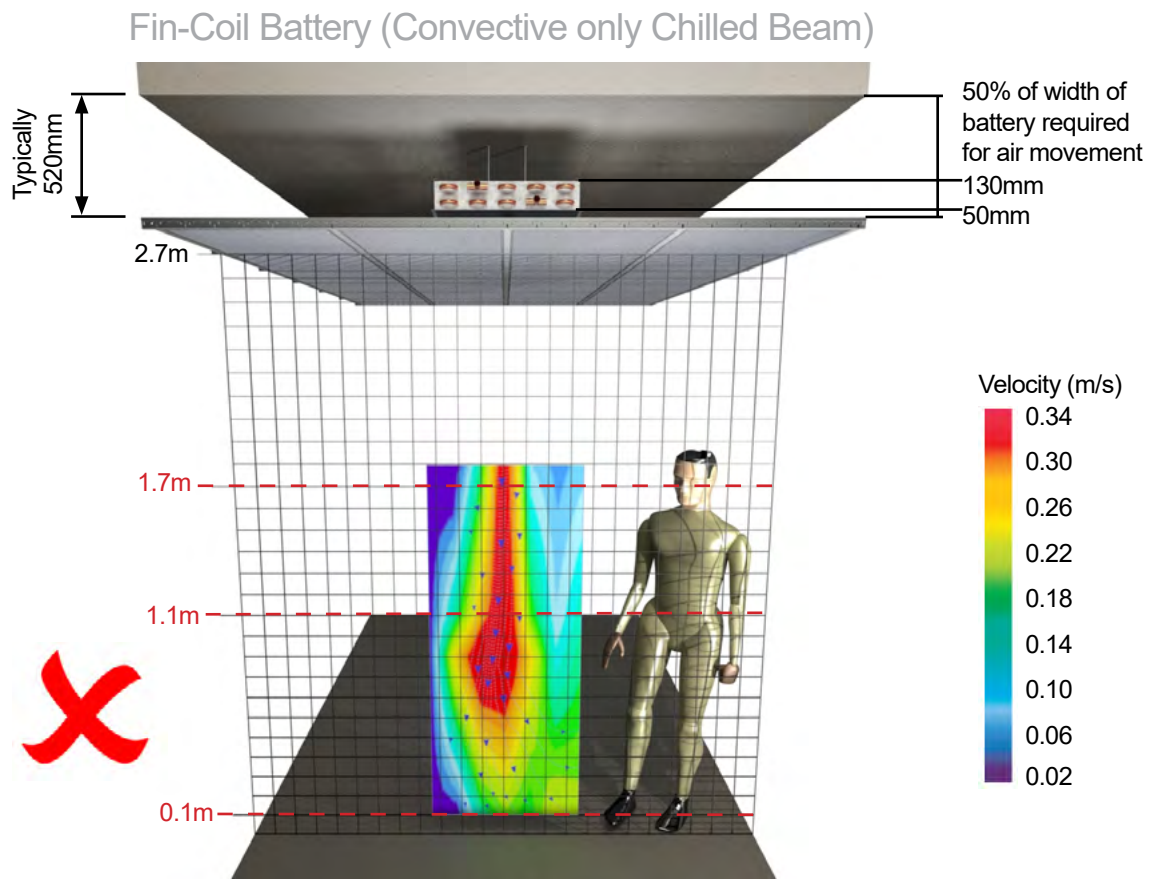
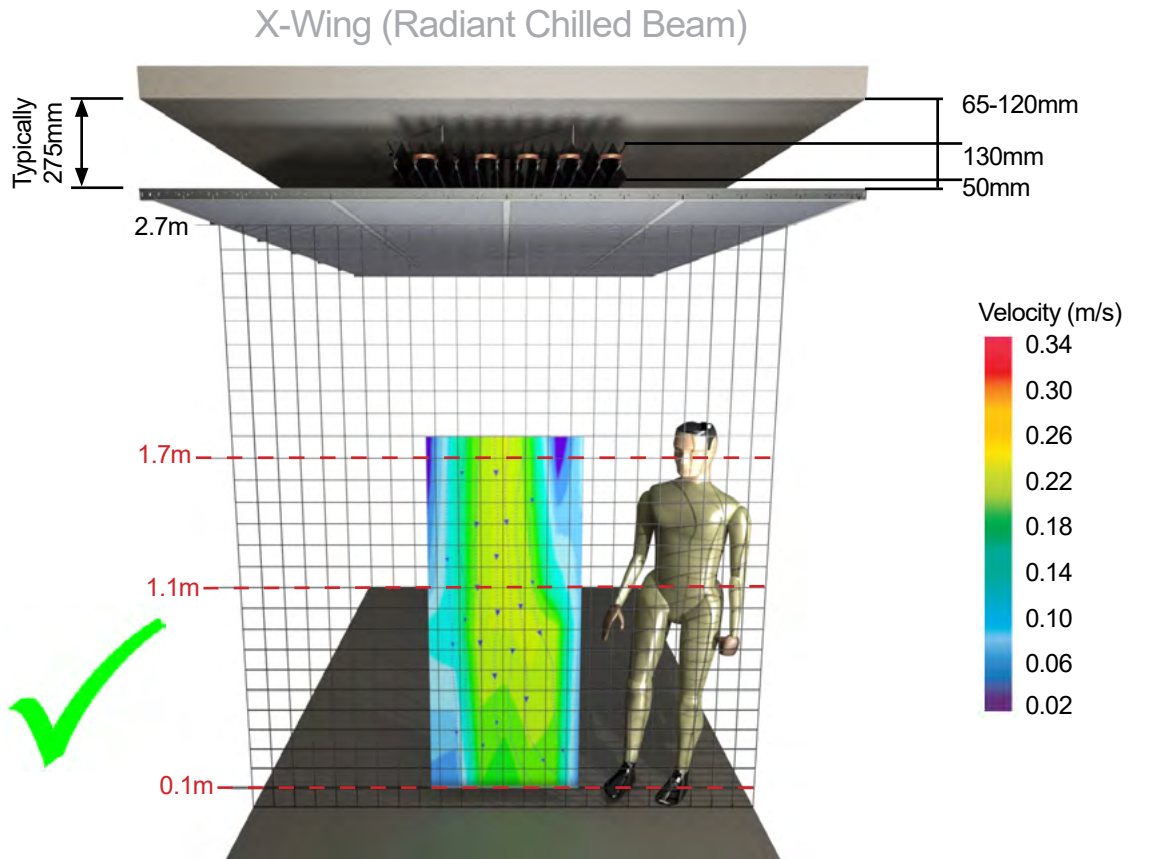
Note: The perforation patterns in the table above are available for Frenger's PCB and MSCB casings (see page 22). Alternative perforation patterns can be utilised for ceiling systems (provided by others) with concealed X-Wing units above, please consult our technical services department for further advice and potential effects to cooling performance.

Pressure Drop



Why is X-Wing better than Fin-coil Battery?

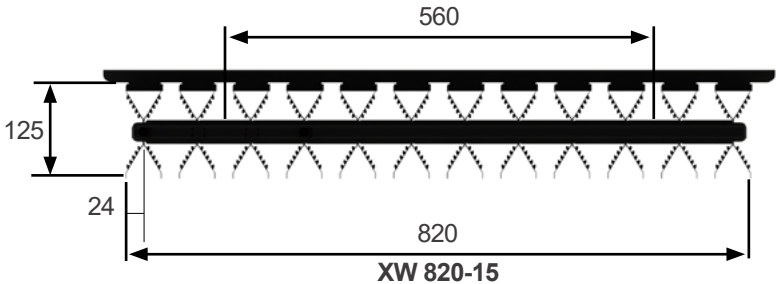
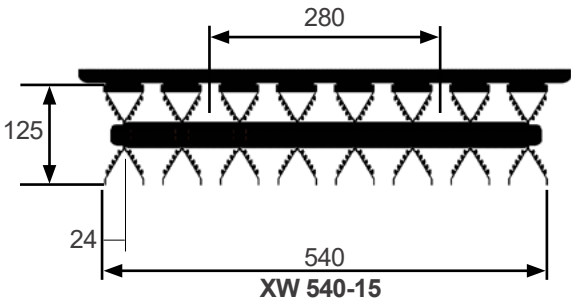
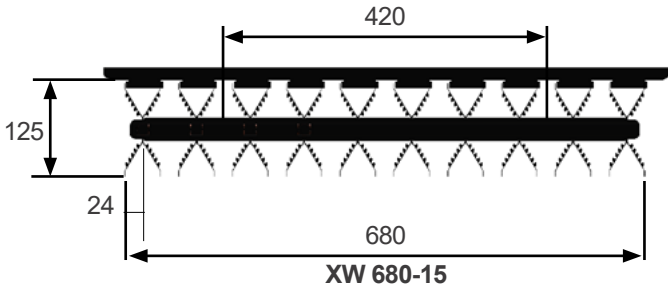
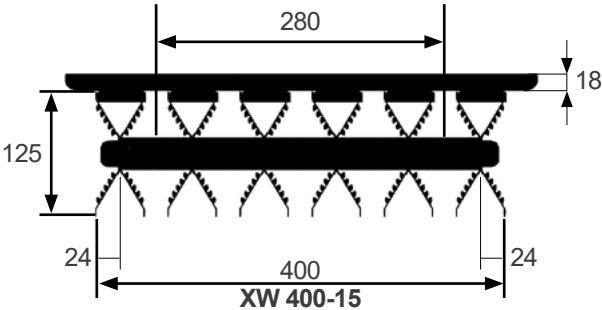
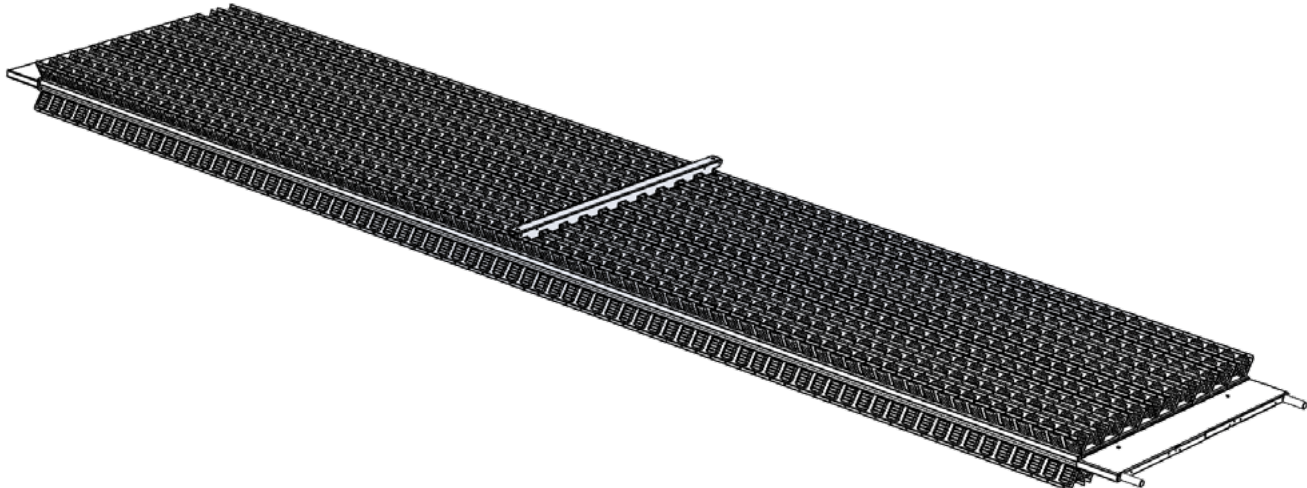
The following Climatic Test Report colour Topography below shows comfortable air velocities directly below the X-Wing radiant convective beam achieving 300 W/lm as opposed to a convective only fin-coil battery also performing 300 W/lm with excessive air velocities. X-Wing provides better thermal comfort and all air velocities less than 0.25 m/s in the occupied zone.



Project Example - Dogger Bank O&M Base

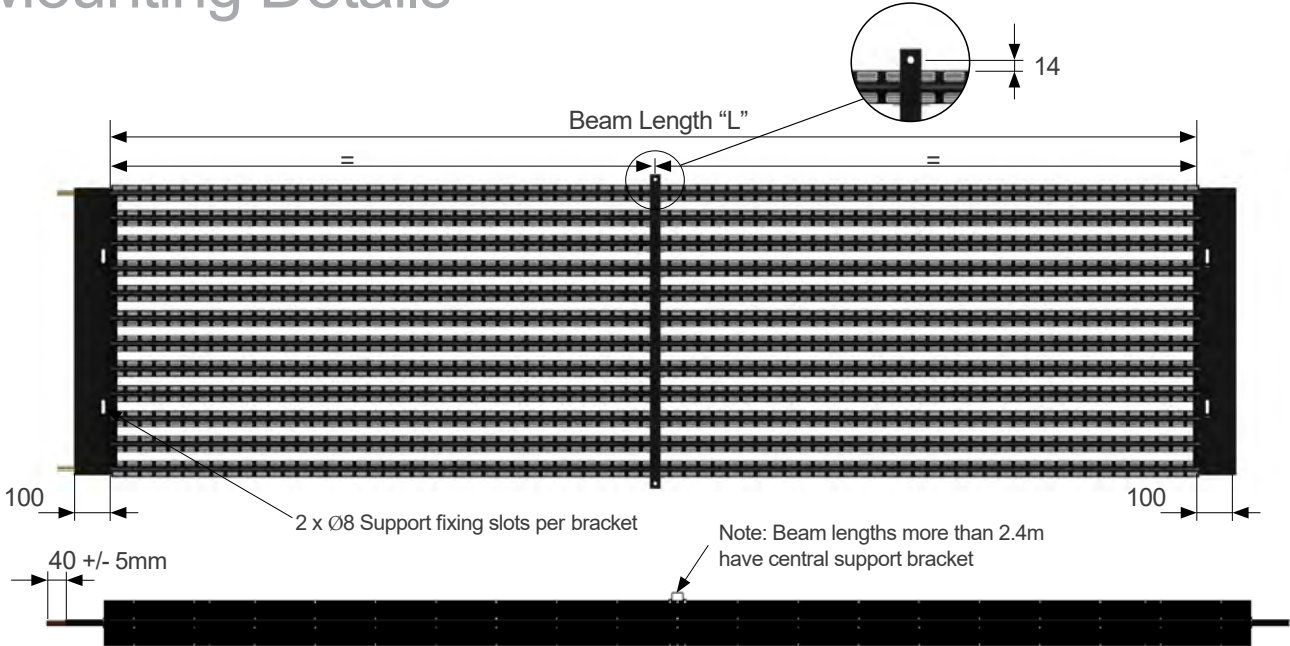


Product Dimensions



*Note all dimensions are ± 5mm

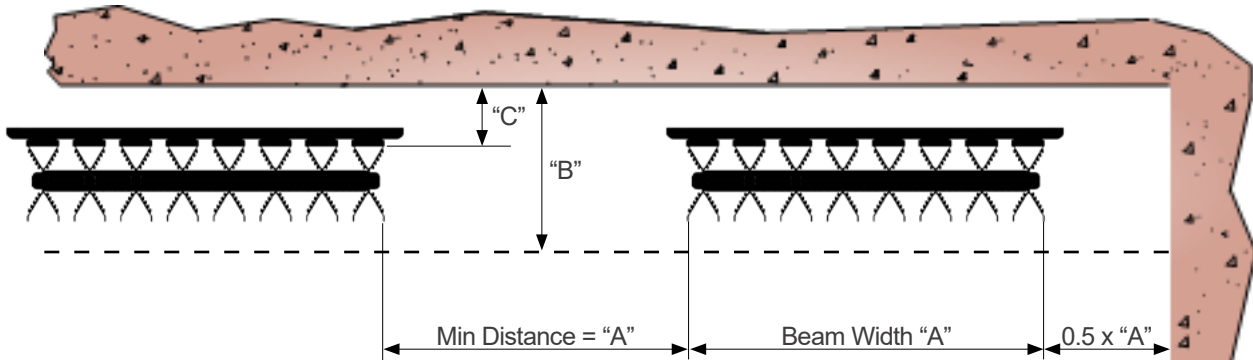
Mounting Details



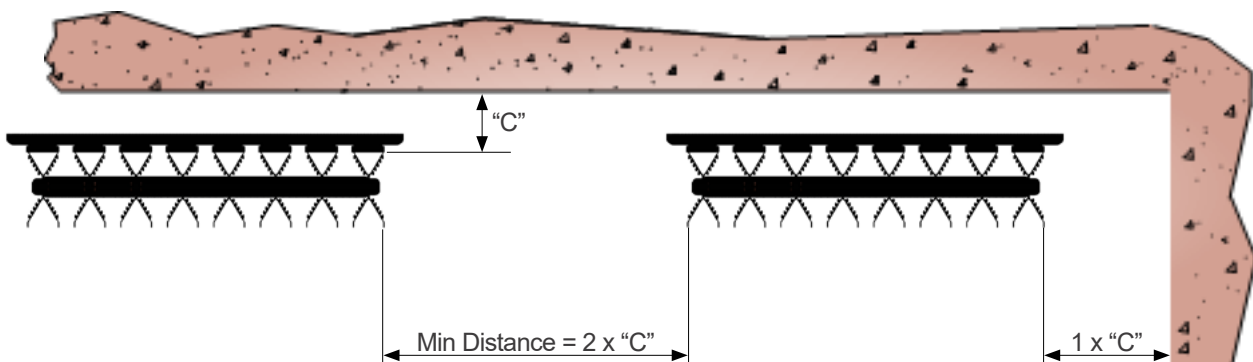
Weight & Water Content

Model Ref.	XW 400-15	XW 540-15	XW 680-15	XW 820-15
Dry Weight (kg / m)	5.4	7.2	9.0	10.7
Water Content (l / m)	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.9

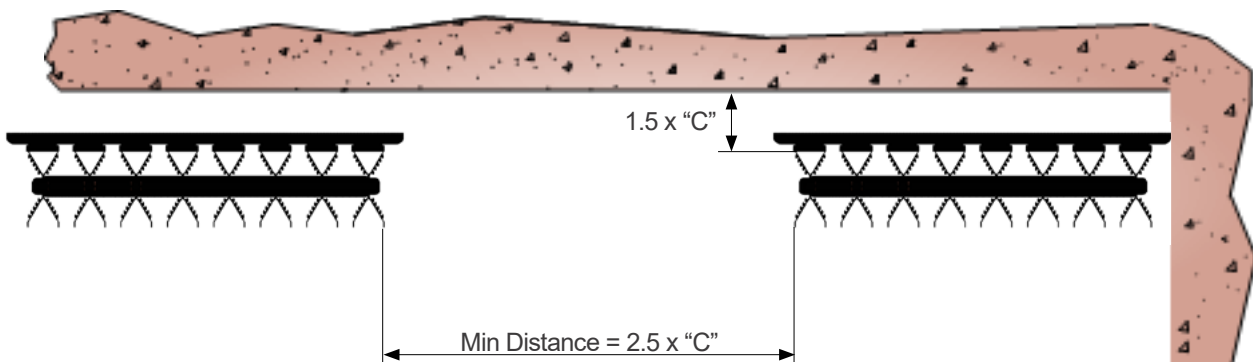
Product Positioning



XW Above Perforated Ceiling



XW Exposed

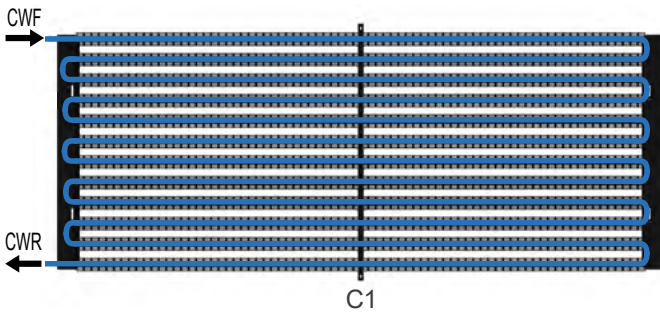


XW Exposed

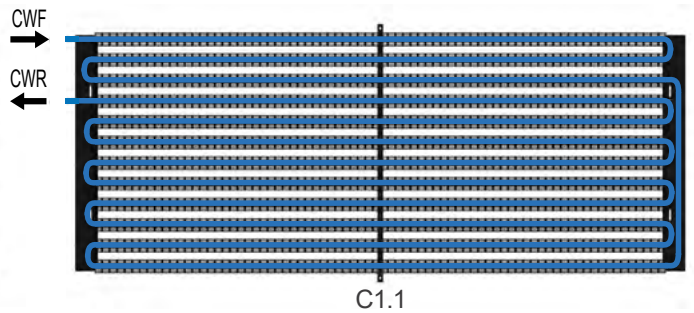
Model Ref.	Dim "B"	Dim "C"
XW 400-15	252mm	65mm
XW 540-15	267mm	80mm
XW 680-15	302mm	100mm
XW 820-15	322mm	120mm

Circuit Details

X-Wing 820 Manifold Type C1

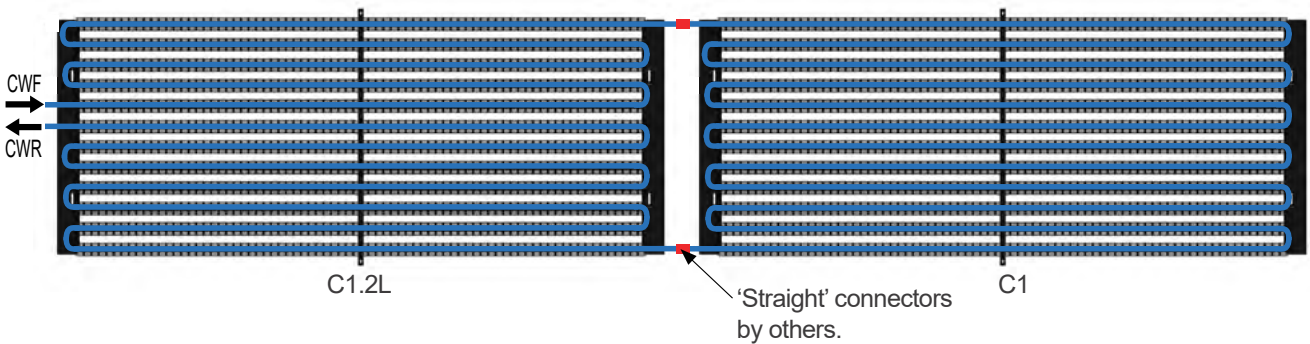


X-Wing 820 Manifold Type C1.1

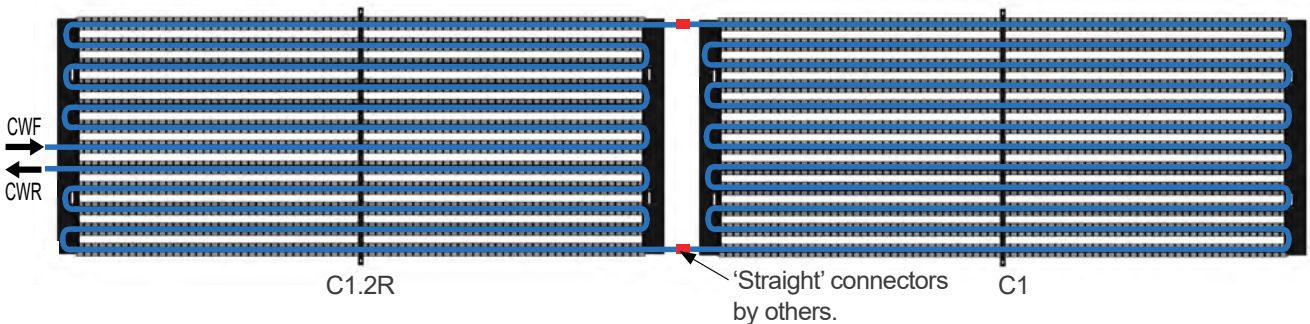


Type C1 is the standard X-Wing and is good for all single beam lengths upto 4.6m, anything over 4.6m C2 can be used.

X-Wing 820 Manifold Type C1.2L and C1 Chilled Beam Run

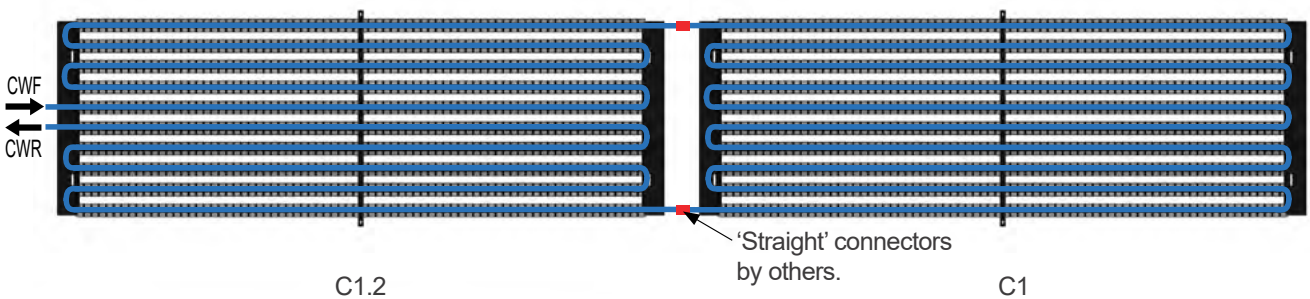


X-Wing 820 Manifold Type C1.2R and C1 Chilled Beam Run

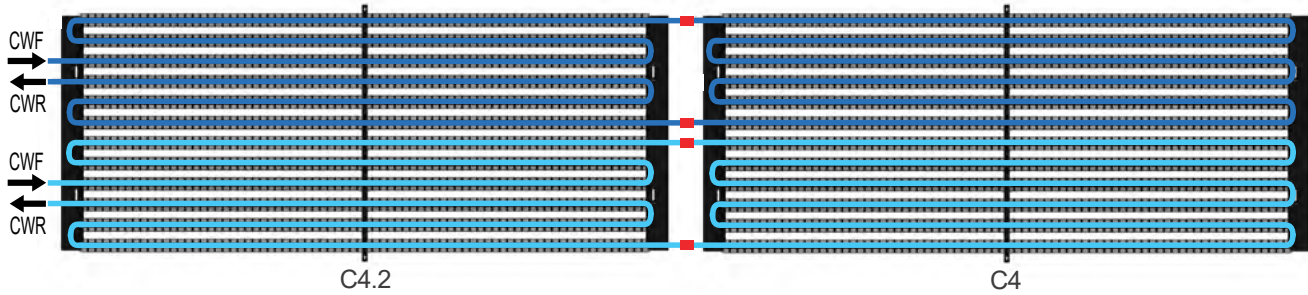


Type C1.2R and C1.2L manifolds are only used for X-Wing 840 and X-Wing 540. For X-Wing 400 and X-Wing 680 C1.2 is used (as seen below).

X-Wing 680 Manifold Type C1.2 and C1 Chilled Beam Run



X-Wing 820 Manifold Type C4.2 and C4 Chilled Beam Run



C4 and C4.2 X-Wing units are “Special” and can be used to avoid high pressure drops (20kPa and above). C4 and C4.2 only suitable for X-Wing 820.



C1



C1.1



C1.2L



C1.2R



C4.2



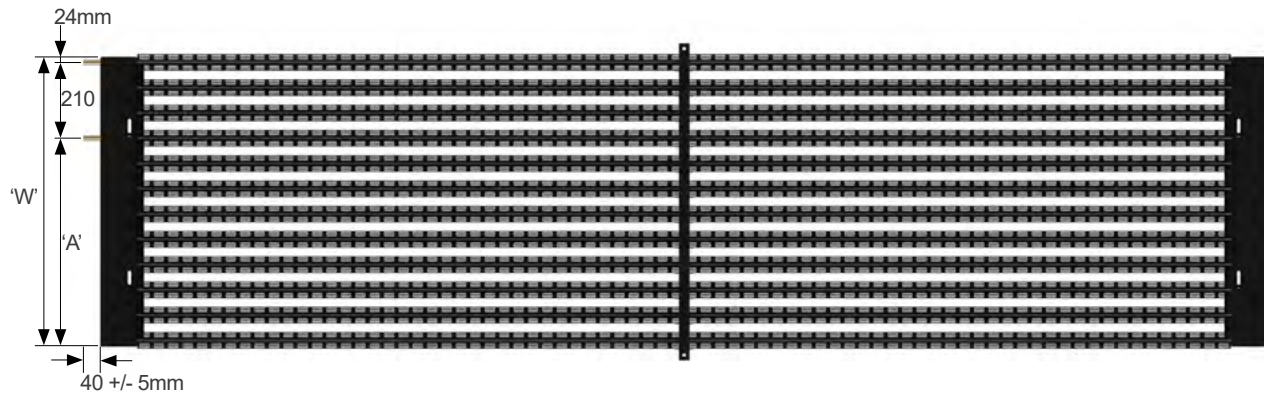
C4

X-Wing 820 Type C1 Maximum Mass Flowrate based on a 30kPa maximum pressure drop				
Nominal Active Length (m)	<3.6	4.2	4.8	5.4
Maximum Mass Flowrate (kg / s)	0.105*	0.101	0.095	0.090

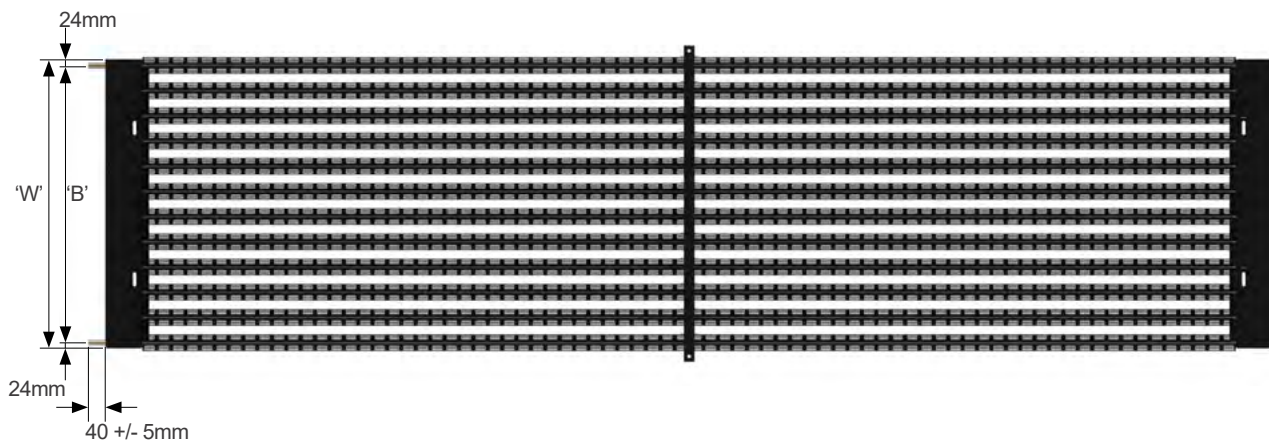
Note:

* Maximum mass flowrate limited to ensure tubeside velocity is less than 1.0 m/s.

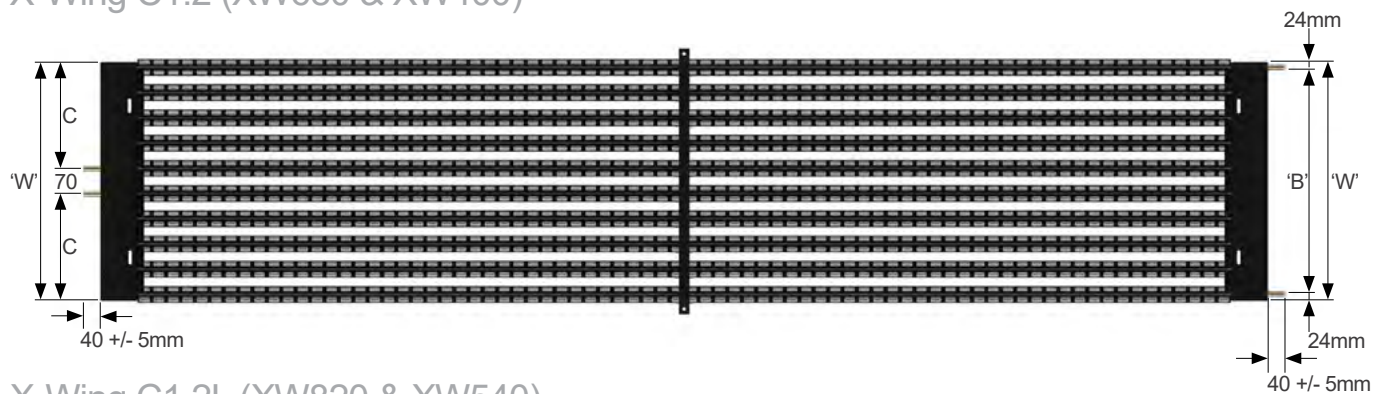
X-Wing C1.1 (All models)



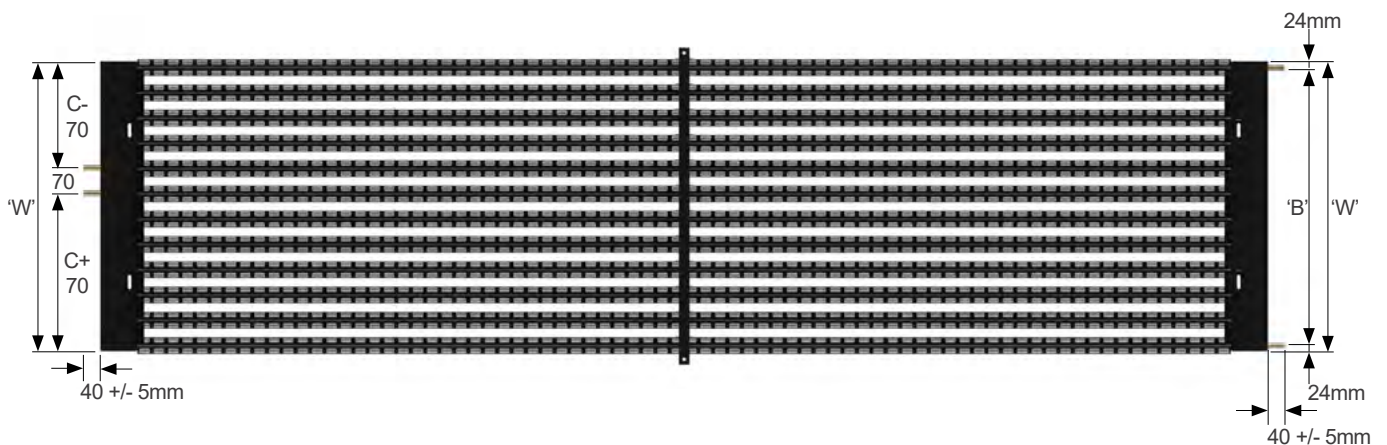
X-Wing C1 (All models)



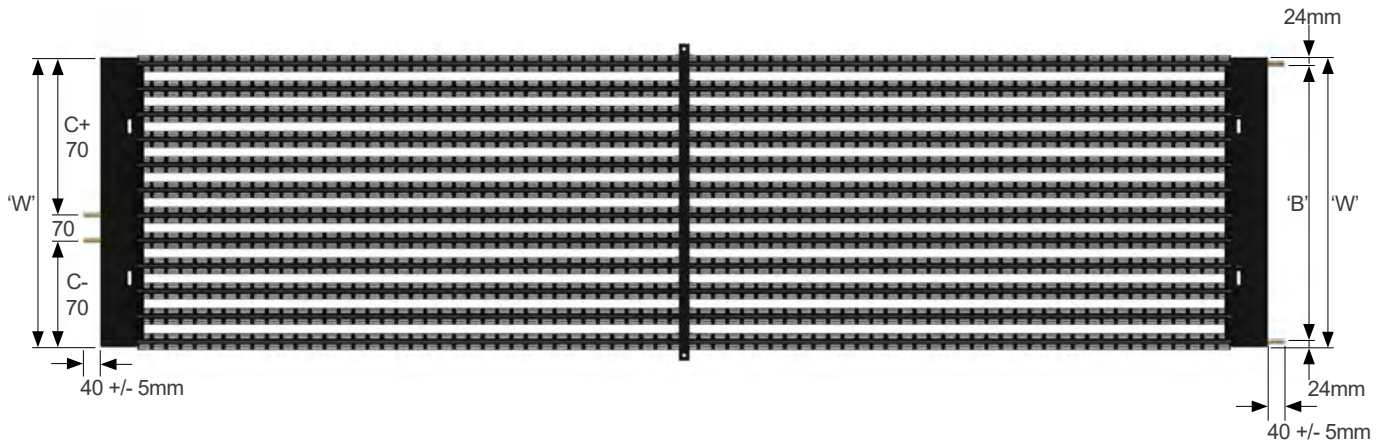
X-Wing C1.2 (XW680 & XW400)



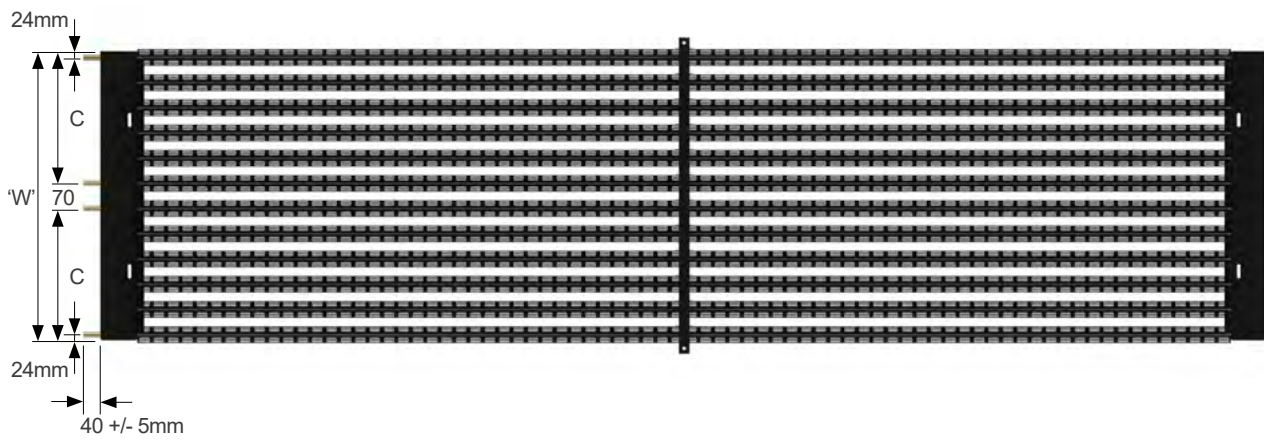
X-Wing C1.2L (XW820 & XW540)



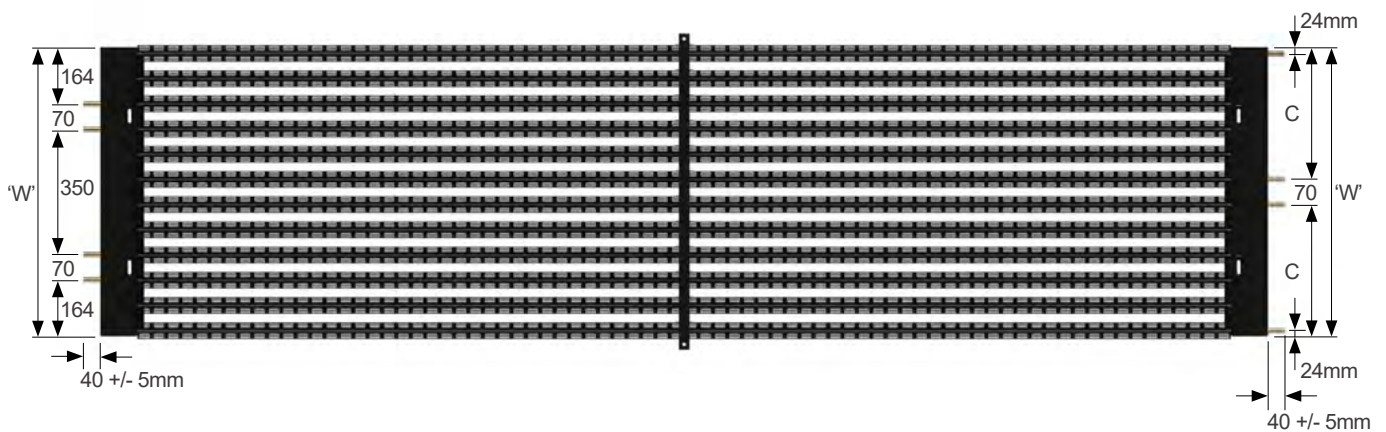
X-Wing C1.2R (XW820 & XW540)



X-Wing C4 (XW820)



X-Wing 820 C4.2 (XW820)



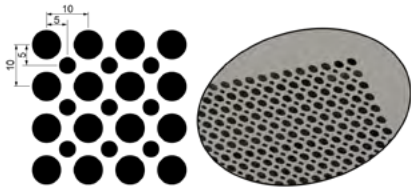
Model Ref.	Width 'W'	Dim 'A'	Dim 'B'	Dim 'C'
XW 400-15	400mm	190mm	280mm	165mm
XW 540-15	540mm	330mm	490mm	235mm
XW 680-15	680mm	470mm	630mm	305mm
XW 820-15	820mm	610mm	770mm	375mm

Project Example - UIUC Siebel Centre

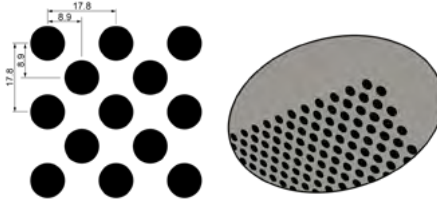


PCB Casing Perforation Pattern Options

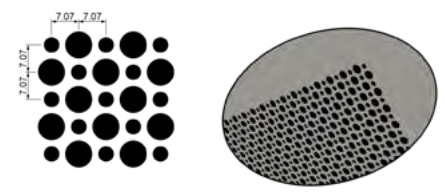
7D/4D – 10X10 S
51% Open Area



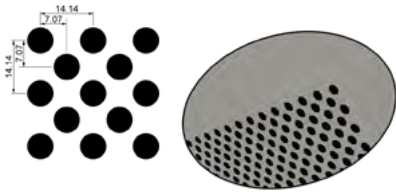
9D - 8.9X8.9 ST
40% Open Area



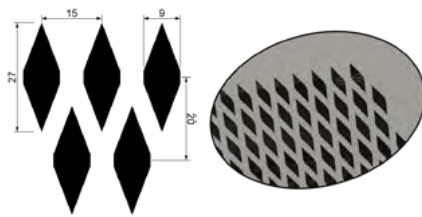
7D/4D – 7.07X7.07 ST
49% Open Area



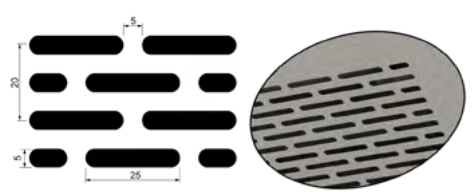
7D - 14X14 ST
39% Open Area



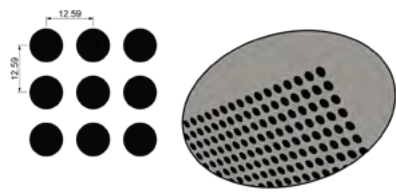
27X5 Diamond
43% Open Area



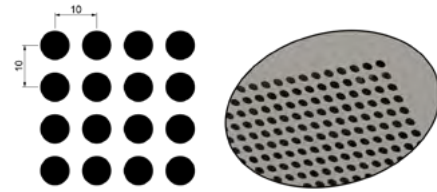
25x5 Slot
43% Open Area



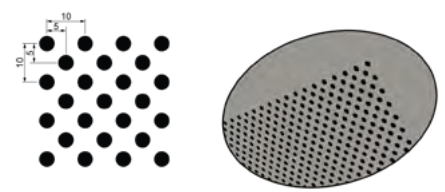
9D - 12.6X12.6 S
40% Open Area



7D - 10X10 S
39% Open Area



4D - 10X10 ST
25% Open Area



The perforations above are available for Frenger's PCB and MSCB casings (see page 22). Alternative perforation patterns can be utilised for ceiling systems (provided by others) with concealed X-Wing units above, please consult our technical services department for further advice. Dimensions in mm.

Product Ordering Codes

2. Nominal Beam Length

1. Beam Type

- XW400 - 400mm Wide with 6 Passes
- XW540 - 540mm Wide with 8 Passes
- XW680 - 680mm Wide with 10 Passes
- XW820 - 820mm Wide with 12 Passes

3. Waterside Connection

Battery Manifold Types - C1/C1.1/C2/C2.2

Flow/Return Orientation

15 C1 SE

SE: Same End

OE: Opposite End

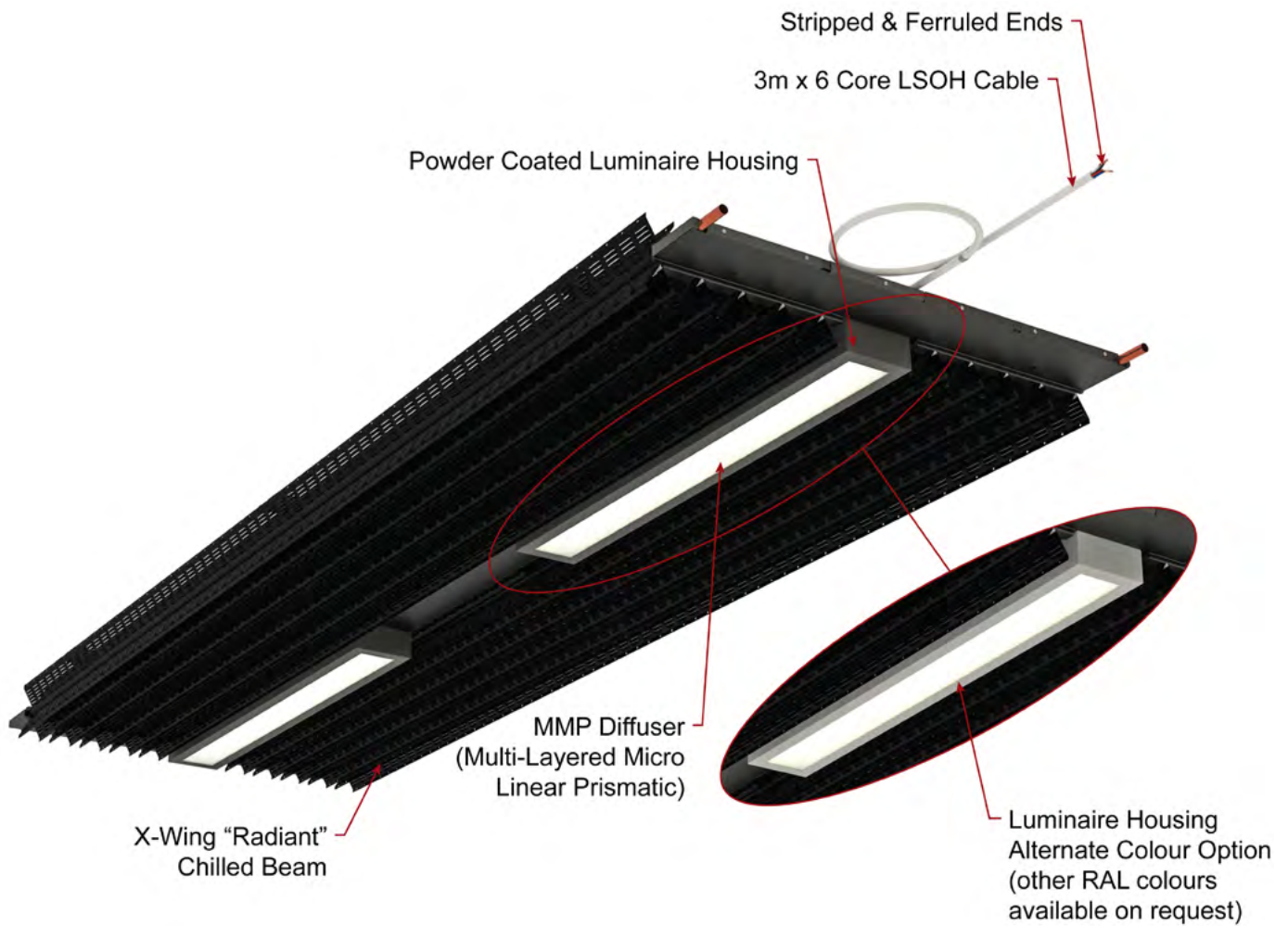
Chilled Water Connection Size (mm) 15

4. RAL Colour - Nom. 20% Gloss

Example: XW400 - 1840 - 15C1SE - RAL9005

1 2 3 4

X-Wing Light



Due to unique design of Frenger's X-Wing, it can accommodate easy integration of a variety of light fittings. The luminaires can either be free issued to Frenger, whose expert lighting designers will develop a method to best incorporate the light fitting into the X-Wing, or one of Frenger's bespoke in-house designed LED solutions can be utilised.

Frenger's LED lighting solution incorporates Philips Zhaga compliant LED lighting which has been extensively tested and developed in conjunction with the X-Wing chilled beams to enable active cooling of the LED boards to achieve greater life expectancy. Philips provide a 5-Year return to base Warranty for the LED Boards and the Drivers and emergency Invertors (lithium batteries 1 year) from date of delivery to Frenger. The LED boards utilised are low voltage and are totally integrated within the luminaire housing.

Optics

- State-of-the-art PHILIPS LED (Zhaga Compliant) modules.
- Direct lighting via Multi-Layered Micro-Linear or Diamond Prismatic Diffuser.
- Optional indirect lighting via clear polycarbonate.
- Long lifetime: >50,000 hrs all LED boards and Drivers have a Philips 5 Years return to base Warranty.
- LED Colour Temperatures: 3000K, 4000K, 5000K and 6500K.
- Colour Rendering Index: Min 80.
- Excellent colour consistency SDCM 3

- LED Luminous Efficacy: Up to 182lm/W (at 4000K CRI80).
- Wide temperature (Tc) range from -40°C to +85°C.
- Lumen Maintenance Test Results According to IESNA LM-80 = L80B10 (>70,000 hrs)
- ESD Withstand Voltage: Up to 8kV direct contact.
- Optional Emergency conversion.
- All components LED's, Drivers, Terminals are 1st Tier manufacture.
- LED Drivers are DALI as standard*.

Drivers can be supplied (upon request) as "Sensor Ready" with integral DALI 2.0 power supply and incorporate integrated energy metering for use in building management systems from the SR certified partner program. *(Energy metering accuracy +/- 4%)



Project Example - Riverside House - Salford



Calculation Program



X-Wing Selection Data

System Type	CICB
Model Ref.	XW820
Active Length	2400 mm
Manifold Type	C1
Perforation Hole Size	Ø4.0 mm
Perforation Free Area	30%
Return Air Gap	120 mm

Frenger's calculation program for X-Wing is extremely user friendly.

Simply select from the drop down menu the "system type". Select the model, manifold and perforation as per the particular project requirements.

The "return air gaps" is the clearance behind the X-Wing unit (see product positioning page 12) to the underside of the slab.

"Radiant" Chilled Beam (RCB) Calculation Tool **FRENGER**[®]
systems
version 2.9.2

[Is this the latest version?](#)

X-Wing Selection Data			
System Type	CICB		
Model Ref.	XW820		
Active Length	2400 mm		
Manifold Type	C1		
Perforation Hole Size	Ø4.0 mm		
Return Air Gap	120 mm		
Design Conditions		Dimensional Data	
Flow Water Temperature	15.0 °C	Beam Depth	146 mm
Return Water Temperature	18.0 °C	Beam Width	820 mm
Air Supply Temperature	18.0 °C	Q/A Beam Length	2600 mm
Average Room Condition	23.0 °C	CW Connection	Ø15-SE mm
"Air On" Thermal Gradient	0.7 °C	Water Volume	4.7 L
Room Relative Humidity	45.0 %	Total Dry Weight	28.3 kg
Performance Data		Design Check (Warnings)	
Room - Mean Water dT	6.50 K	Cooling Circuit	OK
Air On - Mean Water dT	7.20 K	Cooling Function	OK
Waterside Performance	443 W		
Water Mass Flowrate	0.036 kg/s		
Waterside Pressure Drop	3.0 kPa		
Model Ref: XW820-2400-15C1SE-RAL9005			

Notes:
1) Performance calculations are based upon normal clean potable water; it is the system engineer's responsibility to allow for any reduction in cooling or heating performance due to additives that may reduce the water systems heat transfer coefficient.
2) Pressure drop calculations are based upon CIBSE guides using clean potable water and exclude any additional losses associated with entry / exit losses, pipe fouling or changes in water quality; it is the system engineer's responsibility to use good engineering practice.

Design Conditions

Flow Water Temperature	15.0 °C
Return Water Temperature	18.0 °C
Air Supply Temperature	18.0 °C
Average Room Condition	23.0 °C
"Air On" Thermal Gradient	0.7 °C
Room Relative Humidity	45.0 %

Complete your project data in the "Design Conditions" section. Please note that the "Air On" Thermal Gradient can be used up to 1.0°C for MCSB system types without the calculation program flagging up "talk to Frenger's technical personnel" although we recommend that this is much safer to design to a worst case scenario and not to rely on a room temperature gradient.

Performance Data

Room - Mean Water dT	6.50 K
Air On - Mean Water dT	7.20 K
Waterside Performance	443 W
Water Mass Flowrate	0.036 kg/s
Waterside Pressure Drop	3.0 kPa

"Performance Data" will then be automatically be calculated. Likewise "Dimensional Data" will be also automatically calculated.

Finally, the "Design Check" should read "OK" in green, or detail some warnings in red.

Calculation programs for X-Wing are available upon request.

Contact our technical department or complete an application request form on www.frenger.co.uk from the relevant link on our home page.

MSCB & PCB Casings

As well as being installed as exposed units or concealed behind a perforated ceiling system, X-Wing can also be supplied integrated into a Multi-Service Chilled Beam (MSCB) unit or a PCB casing.

Our Multi-Service Chilled Beams (MSCBs) integrate building services into a single unit, providing flexible space conditioning that can be tailored in terms of appearance and the services provided to meet project-specific requirements. The X-Wing® can be seamlessly integrated into these bespoke MSCB casings, providing specifiers with a single point of responsibility for the design, supply, and integration of all services. By having units pre-fabricated offsite in a controlled environment, both costs and on-site installation times are significantly reduced. A full range of building services can be incorporated within our MSCBs, including acoustic insulation, PA/VA speakers, sprinkler systems, lighting sensors, and smoke detectors

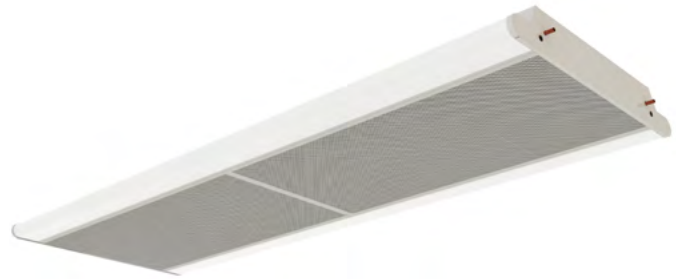
For spaces that do not require integrated luminaires, the X-Wing® can be housed within a dedicated Passive Chilled Beam (PCB) casing / raft. These purely architectural casings conceal the X-Wing® elements behind a perforated metal underplate, making the internal technology invisible while retaining a sleek, unobtrusive aesthetic. This ensures visual continuity across a project even when lighting is handled independently.

Whether specifying a purely passive PCB casing / raft or a comprehensive multi-service unit, the appearance of each beam can be customised in terms of shape, dimensions, colour, and perforation pattern to meet the client's particular architectural requirements.

To find out more about our full design capabilities, in-house testing facilities, and integration options, please refer to our dedicated Multi-Service Chilled Beams Brochure or explore the MSCB section on our website at www.frenger.co.uk.



X-Wing 'Radiant' Passive MSCB with Prismatic Diffuser Lighting



X-Wing 'Radiant' Passive MSCB with Bullnose Polycarbonate Lighting



X-Wing 'Radiant' Passive MSCB with Cylindrical Polycarbonate Lighting



X-Wing PCB Raft



Bespoke Manufacturing

Frenger has the manufacturing capability required to deliver the most complex of bespoke solutions. Facilities include the latest full CNC machine centers, together with a dedicated powder-coat paint plant to paint all of the components of the products and project specific in-house testing laboratories.



Project Specific Testing Facility

The 3 number state-of-the-art Climatic Testing Laboratories at Frenger's technical facility in Derby (UK) have internal dimensions of 6.3m (L) x 5.7m (W) x 3.3m (H) high and includes a thermal wall so that both internal and perimeter zones can be simulated. Project specific testing validates product / solution performance (outputs) and resultant Room Comfort Conditions for compliance category grading in accordance with BS EN ISO 7730. All of Frenger's chilled beams have also been independently tested and certified by Eurovent in terms of product performance (output), as Eurovent can not test for thermal comfort; hence the need for Frenger's own laboratories.

Project Specific Testing

Project specific mock-up testing is a valuable tool which allows the Client to fully assess the proposed system and determine the resulting room occupancy Thermal Comfort conditions. The physical modelling is achieved by installing a full scale representation of a building zone complete with internal & external heat gains (Lighting, Small Power, Occupancy & Solar Gains).

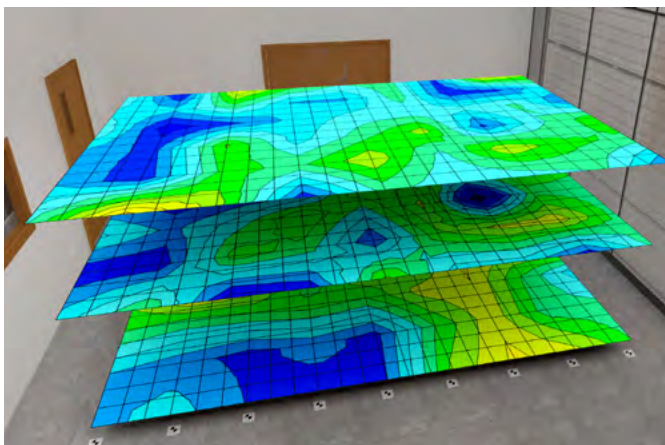
The installed mock-up enables the client to verify the following:

- Product performance under project specific conditions.
- Spatial air temperature distribution.
- Spatial air velocities.
- Experience thermal comfort.
- Project specific aesthetics.
- Experience lighting levels (where relevant).
- Investigate the specific design and allow the system to be optimised.



The project-specific installation and test is normally conducted to verify:

- Product capacity under design conditions.
- Comfort levels - air temperature distribution.
 - thermal stratification.
 - draft risk.
 - radiant temperature analysis.
- Smoke test video illustrating air movement.
- Live Thermal Imaging



Photometric Testing Facility

The in-house Photometric test laboratories at Frenger are used to evaluate the performance of luminaires. To measure the performance, it is necessary to obtain values of light intensity distribution from the luminaire. These light intensity distributions are used to mathematically model the lighting distribution envelope of a particular luminaire. This distribution along with the luminaires efficacy allows for the generation of a digital distribution that is the basis of the usual industry standard electronic file format. In order to assess the efficacy of the luminaire it is a requirement to compare the performance of the luminaire against either a calibrated light source for absolute output or against the “bare” light source for a relative performance ratio.

The industry uses both methods. Generally absolute lumen outputs are used for solid state lighting sources and relative lighting output ratios (LOR) are used for the more traditional sources. Where the LOR method is chosen then published Lamp manufacturer’s data is used to calculate actual lighting levels in a scheme and for LED light source the integration chamber is used to measure LED luminance efficacy.

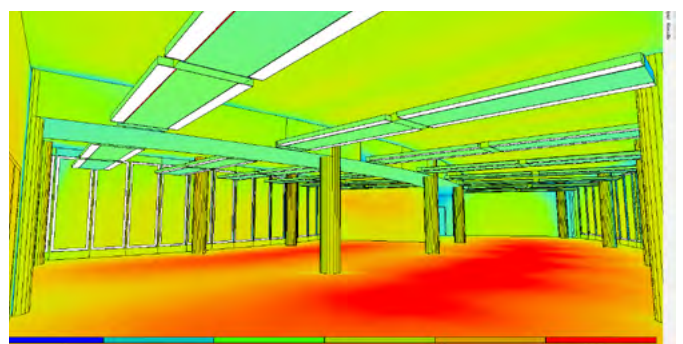
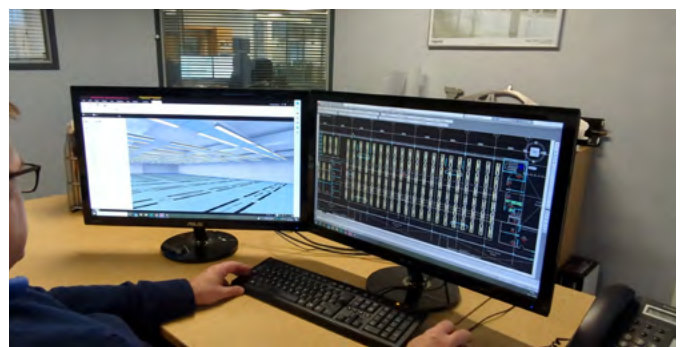
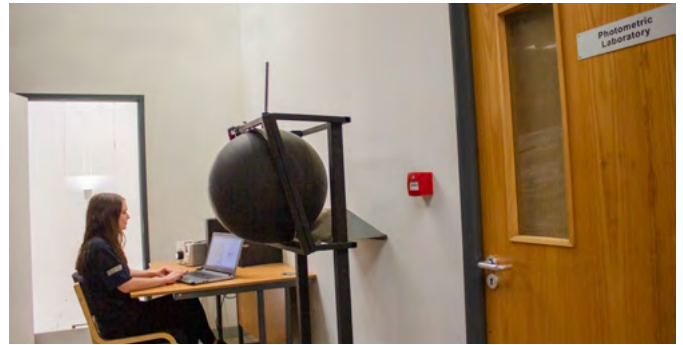
The intensity distribution is obtained by the use of a Goniophotometer to measure the intensity of light emitted from the surface of the fitting at pre-determined angles. The light intensity is measured using either a photometer with a corrective spectral response filter to match the CIE standard observer curves or our spectrometer for LED sources.

Luminaire outputs are measured using our integrating sphere for smaller luminaires or our large integrator room for large fittings and Multi Service Chilled Beams. For both methods we can use traceable calibrated radiant flux standards for absolute comparisons.

All tests use appropriate equipment to measure and control the characteristics of the luminaire and include air temperature measurements, luminaire supply voltage, luminaire current and power. Thermal characteristics of luminaire components can be recorded during the testing process as required.

A full test report is compiled and supplied in “locked” PDF format. Data is collected and correlated using applicable software and is presented electronically to suit, usually in Eulumdat, CIBSE TM14 or IESN standard file format.

Frenger conduct photometric tests in accordance with CIE 127:2007 and BS EN 13032-1 and sound engineering practice as applicable. During the course of these tests suitable temperature measurements of parts of LED’s can be recorded. These recorded and plotted temperature distributions can be used to provide feedback and help optimise the light output of solid state light source based luminaires which are often found to be sensitive to junction temperatures.



Acoustic Testing Facility

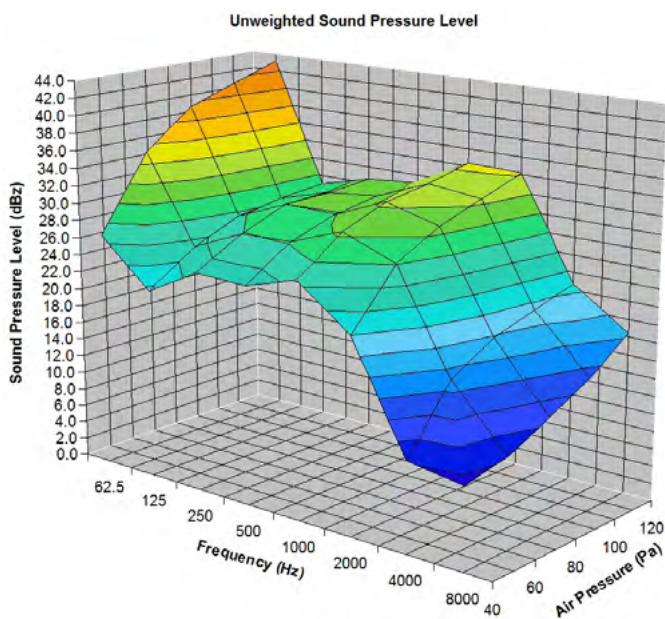
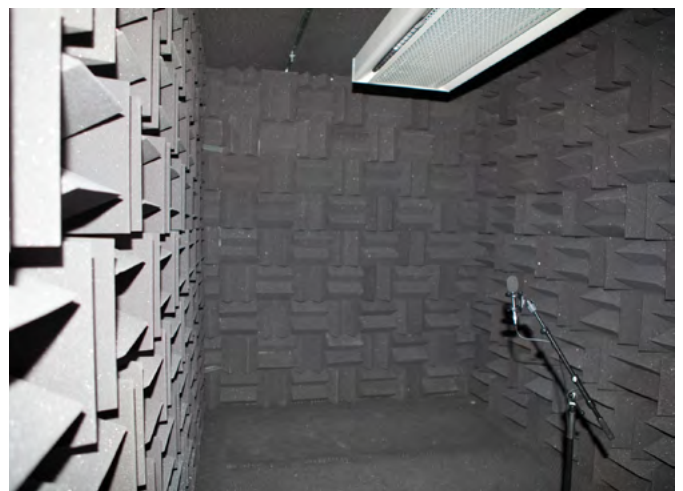
The Acoustic Test Room at Frenger is a hemi-anechoic chamber which utilises sound absorbing acoustic foam material in the shape of wedges to provide an echo free zone for acoustic measurements; the height of the acoustic foam wedge has a direct relationship with the maximum absorption frequency, hence Frenger had the acoustic wedges specifically designed to optimise the sound absorption at the peak frequency normally found with our active chilled beam products.

The use of acoustic absorbing material within the test room provides the simulation of a quiet open space without “reflections” which helps to ensure sound measurements from the sound source are accurate, in addition the acoustic material also helps reduce external noise entering the test room meaning that relatively low levels of sound can be accurately measured.

The acoustic facilities allow Frenger to provide express in-house sound evaluation so that all products, even project specific designs can be quickly and easily assessed and optimised.

To ensure accuracy, Frenger only use Class 1 measurement equipment which allows sound level measurements to be taken at 11 different $\frac{1}{3}$ octave bands between 16 Hz to 16 kHz, with A, C and Z (un-weighted) simultaneous weightings.

In addition to the above, Frenger also send their new products to specialist third party Acoustic Testing. The results of which are very close and within measurement tolerances to that of Frenger’s in-house measurement of sound.





Frenger Systems participates in the ECC program for Chilled Beams.
Check ongoing validity of certificate:
www.eurovent-certification.com or
www.certiflash.com 

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